

ADVANCED EXCEL FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROFESSIONALS

AEE NORTHERN OHIO CHAPTER 11/14/2014



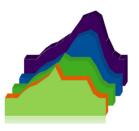


TRAINING | CONSULTING | IMPLEMENTATION

AGENDA

- About EEDM, Inc.
- Excel's use in Energy Engineering
- Excel Formulas and Functions
- Interval Data Analysis (IDA) Basics
- IDA Analysis using Microsoft Excel[®]







EEDM, Inc.

- Energy Efficiency & Demand Management
 - Training
 - Consulting
 - Implementation Assistance
- Training in Advanced Microsoft Excel[®] (on-line and classroom)
- Energy Efficiency and Demand Side Management (classroom)
 - Relevant or minimal theory; "cut to the chase"
 - Flexible tools
- Trained people from diverse organizations
 - Austin Energy, London Hydro, FP&L
 - Michaels Energy, Research into Action, Energy Control, Inc.
 - Burns and McDonnell, CB Richard Ellis, EnerNOC



WHY EXCEL?

- CALCULATIONS/WHAT-IF ANALYSIS
 - Complex calculations and "What-If" analysis
 - Many built-in functions + custom functions
- CHARTING
 - Variety of charts Bar, line, pie, etc.
 - Custom formatting and dashboards
- DATA ANALYSIS/DATABASE
 - Sorting, filtering and connecting to external data
- OTHER
 - Seamless integration with other office applications
 - Collaborative environment leave comments, call boxes, etc.



FUNCTIONS IN EXCEL

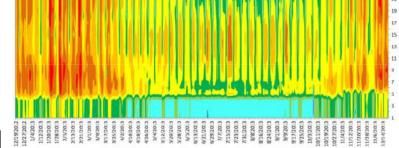
- Required to take advantage of Excel's power
- Opens door for creative data analysis and manipulation
- Excel 2013 has over 450 functions
- Relevancy to Energy Engineering
 - Proficient in ~ 100 functions
- Combine functions for greater potential
- User defined functions (UDF)
 - Steam properties
 - Psychrometric properties
 - Requires knowledge of VB



ENERGY ANALYTICS



DEMAND (HEAT) MAP



Using Energy Analytics to Increase Value to Your Organization Energy & Energy Information Management to Control Costs

Jamie Jankowski, PE CEM LEED AP Director, Business Development AEP Energy 614-593-3151 jjankowski@aepenergy.com

Income Statement Detail

Understanding Interval Data

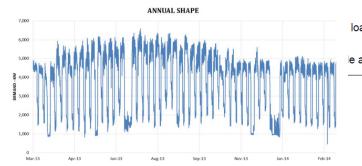
Interval data – Forest or Trees?

Heat maps

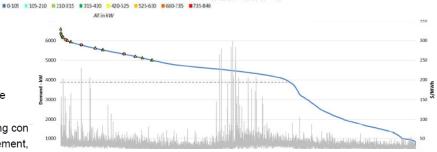
- Show overall operating pattern and performance

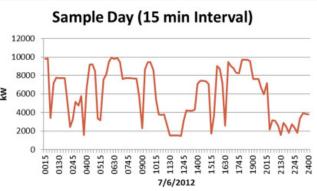
Duration curves

- Show peak demands, operating levels, operating con
- Allow for review of distribution demand management, transmission cost reductions, demand response and torgets









EE DM ENERGY EFFICIENCY & DEMAND MANAGEMENT, INC.

INTERVAL DATA ANALYSIS (IDA)

- Load profiling
 - Analysis carried on yearly, monthly, weekly, and daily basis
 - Identify problems that impact energy consumption
- Peak and base load analysis
 - Size, timing, and duration of peak
 - Relationship between max and min load
 - Identify demand reduction potential
- Load duration curves and heat maps
 - Magnitude of peak loads
 - Clustering of peak timings



IDA TOOLS

- Energy Charting and Metrics Tool (ECAM)
- Smart Metering, Load Profiling & Demand Response by Lindsay Audin through AEE
- Energy Lens by BizEE Software Limited
- Interval Data Analysis Tool (IDAT)





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GETTING STARTED WITH IDA

- Input Data
 - kW or kWh
 - 1 kWh over 30 minutes = 1kWh
 - 1 kW over 30 minutes = 1 x 0.5 = 0.5 kWh
 - Data for one year
- Understand facility operation to understand energy profiles
 - Occupancy and operating schedules
 - HVAC and lighting systems
 - Energy consuming equipment/process



ANALYZING IDA OUTPUT

- Derive key characteristics and answer key questions
 - Magnitude of energy use and load demand
 - Energy use profile
 - Weather impact
 - Building operating characteristics
 - Base load and variable load
 - Load spikes



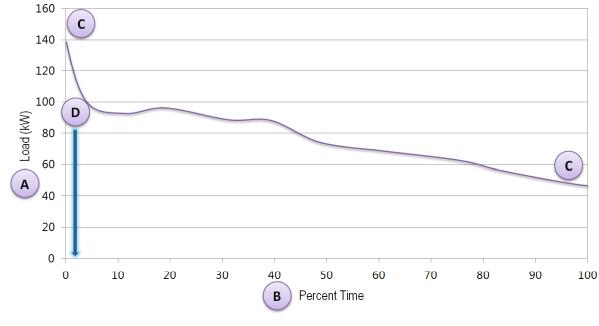
LOAD DURATION CURVE

(A) A one year load duration curve is plotted, with load on the y-axis

(B) The x-axis indicates the percent time that the load was at or greater than the y-value

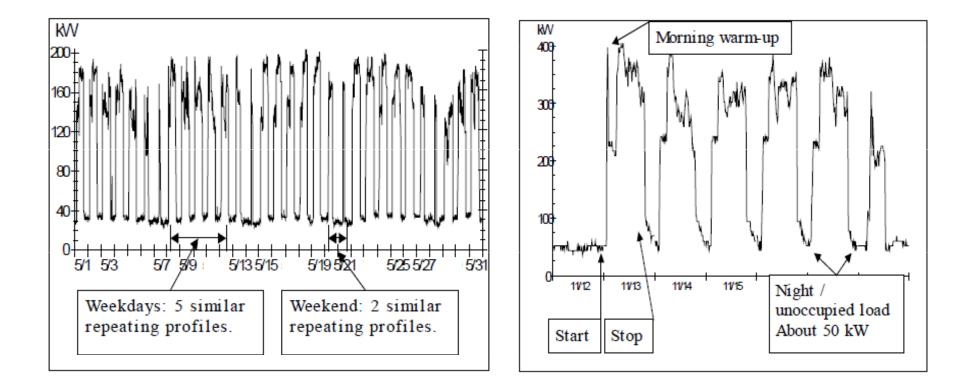
(C) The base load is never less than ~ 48 kW and the maximum load is about 140 kW

(D) The peak demand above 120 kW is only 2-3% of the time throughout the year





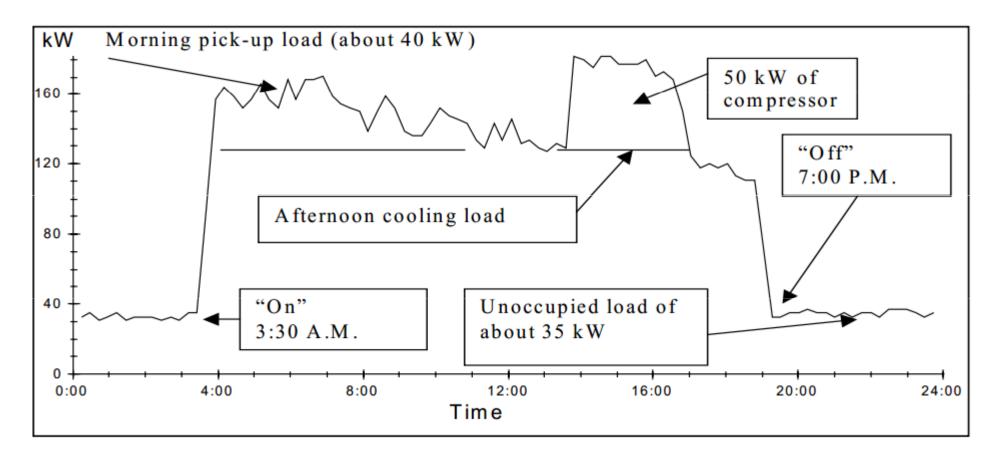
WHAT TO LOOK FOR IN INTERVAL DATA?



Source: "Using Interval Data as a Diagnostic Tool", Will Price and Reid Hart, Eugene Water & Electric Board

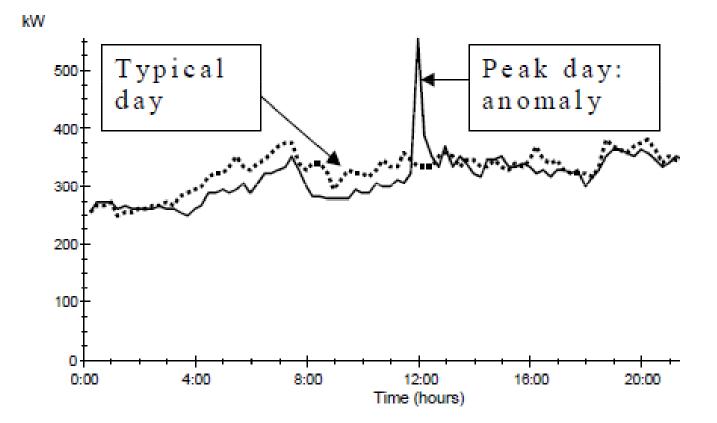


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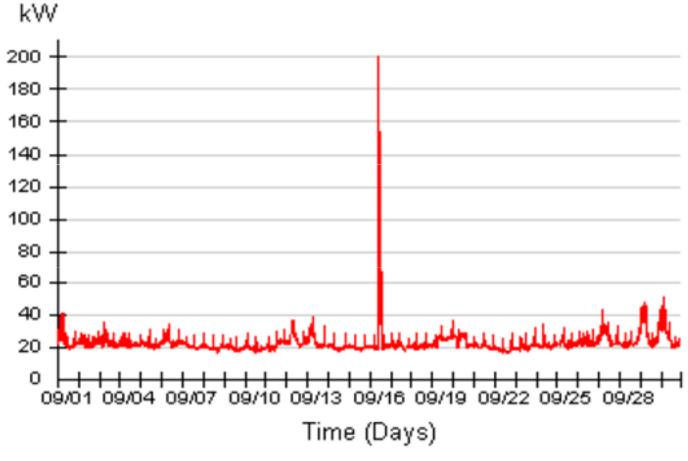




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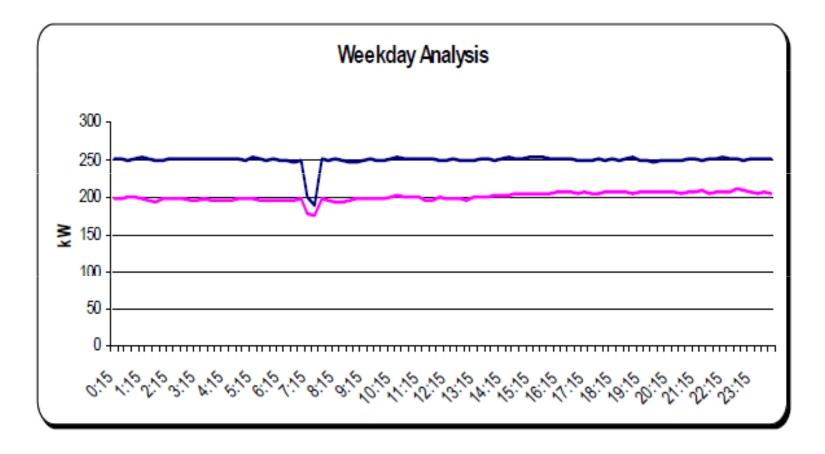
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Source: NGrid

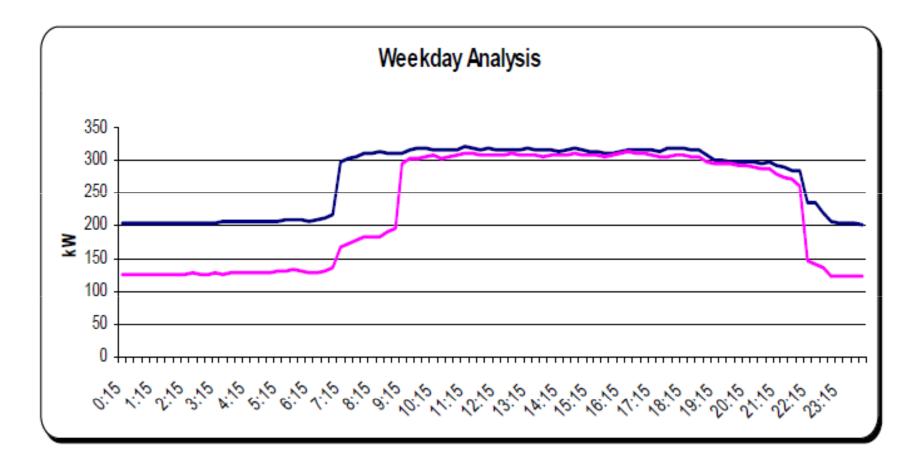


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Source: NGrid

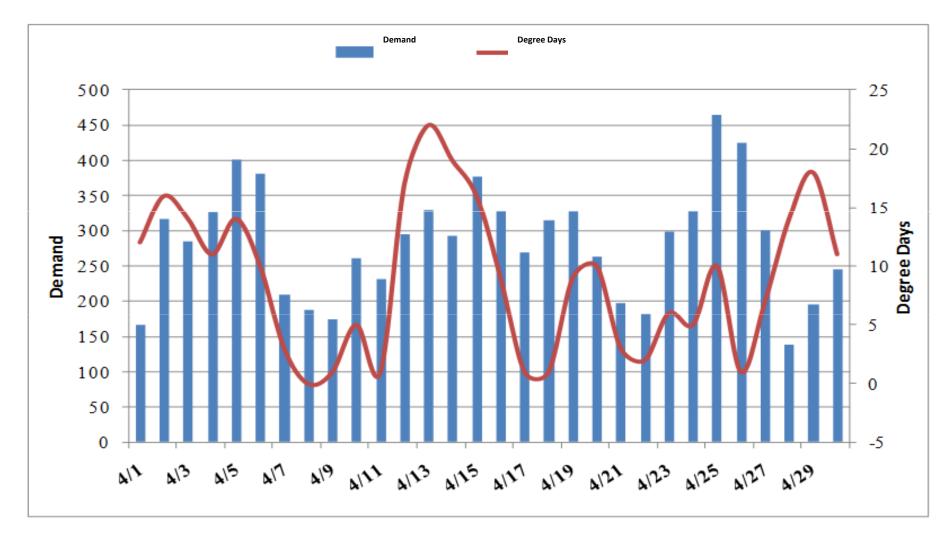




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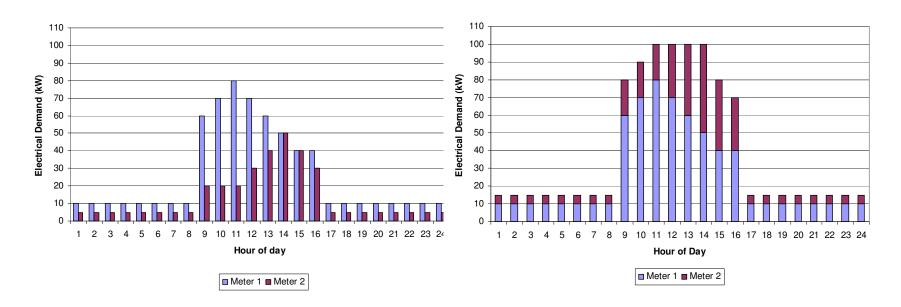


Source: KPPC



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METER CONSOLIDATION



Billed demand with two meters

= 80 kW + 50 kW = 130 kW

Billed demand with one meter =~ 100 kW



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